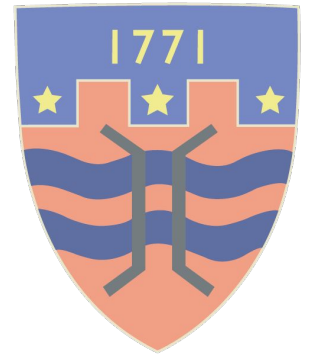
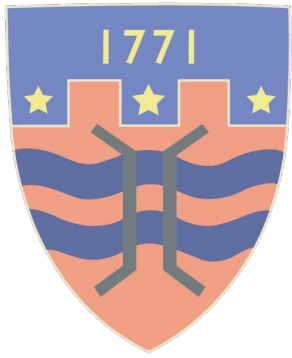


# ST OSWALD'S C OF E PRIMARY SCHOOL



**The CPA and 'Mastery' Approach**




Our aim is to enable children  
to become able and  
confident mathematicians  
who are well equipped to  
use maths in life and the real  
world.


# Concrete, Pictorial and Abstract (The CPA approach)



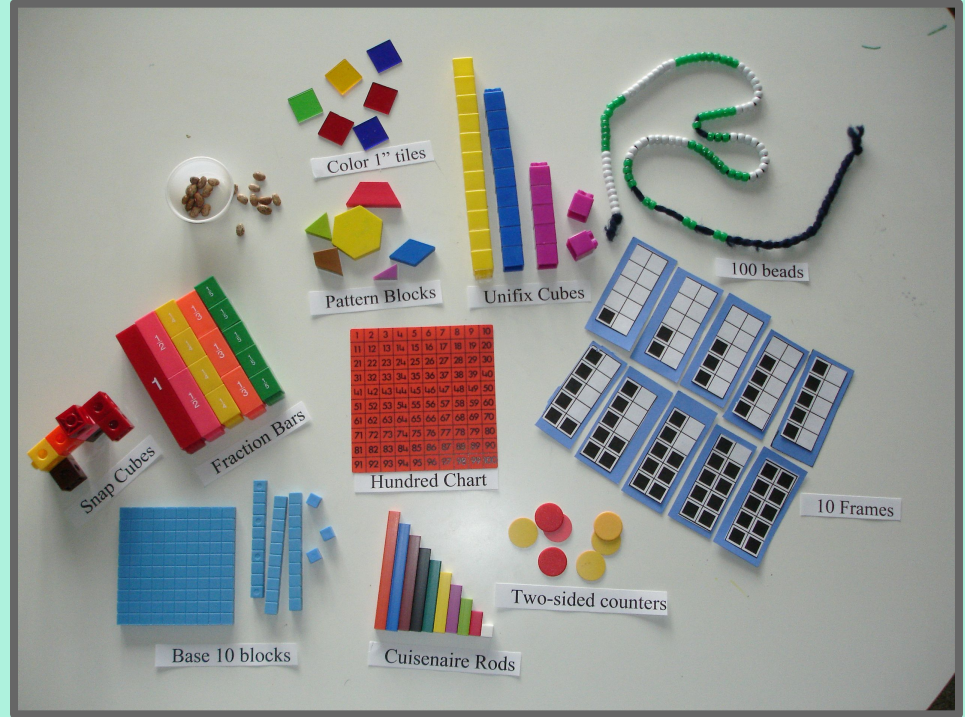
# Concrete



$3 \times 4 = 12$

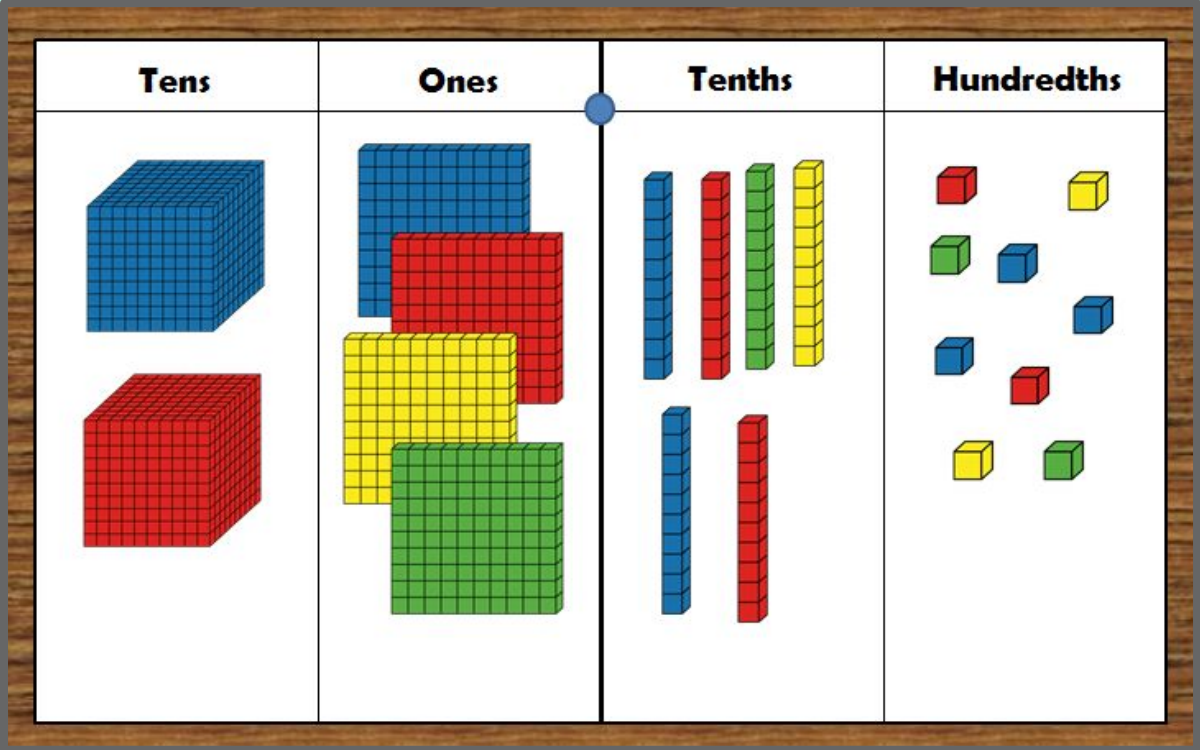


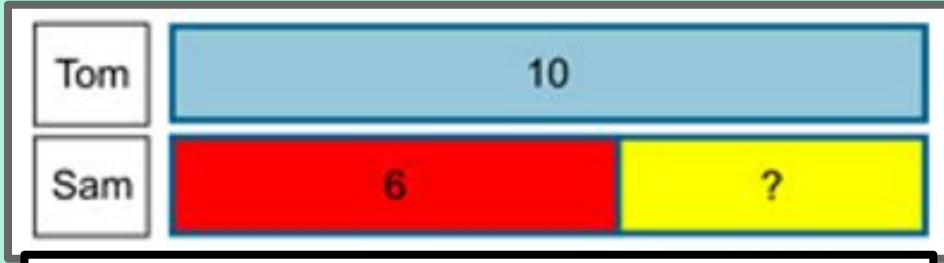
$3 \times 4 = 12$



$$24.69 - 13.37$$

Pictorial

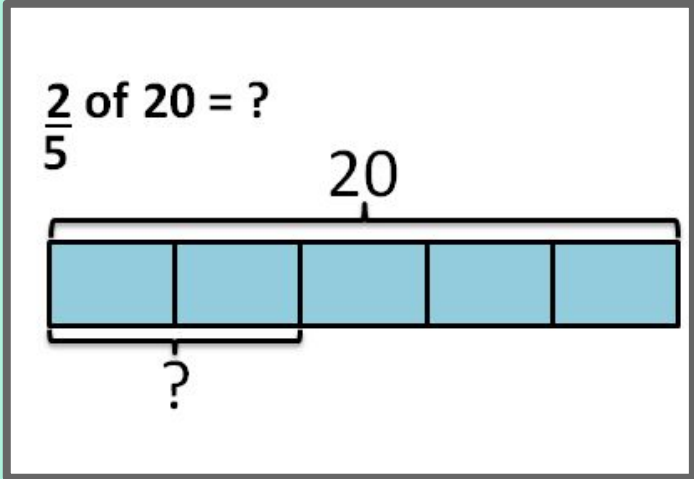


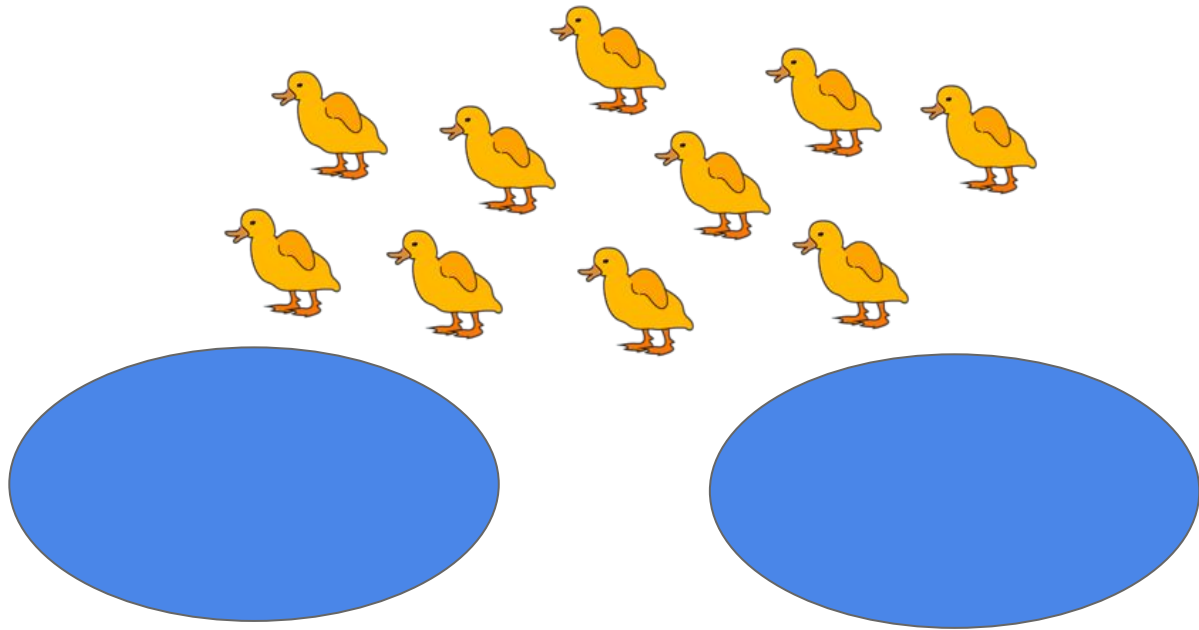


Tom has 10 pencils and Sam has six pencils. How many more pencils does Tom have?

## Bar Models

# Pictorial

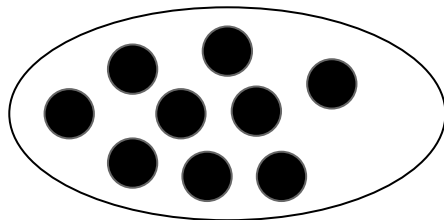
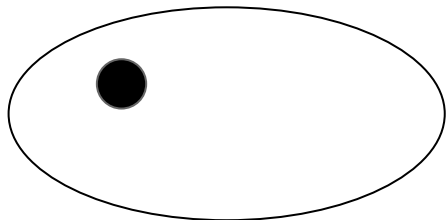




Mother duck is in the park with her ten ducklings. There are two ponds. How many ducklings could be playing in each pond?

Draw pictures to show all of the possibilities.

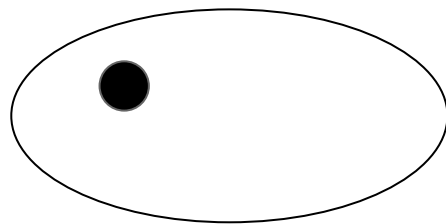
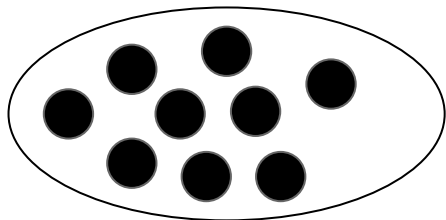




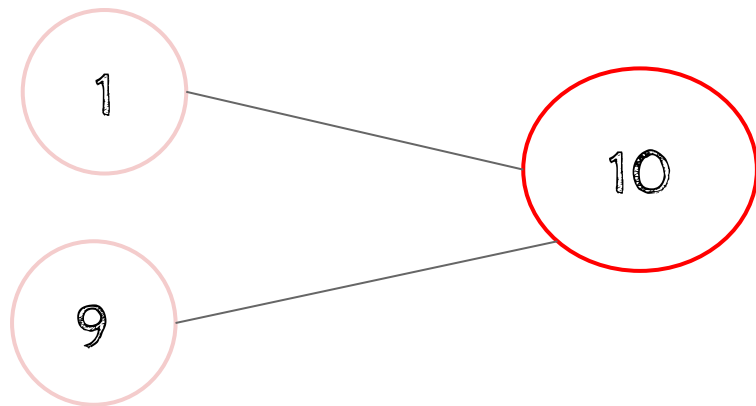
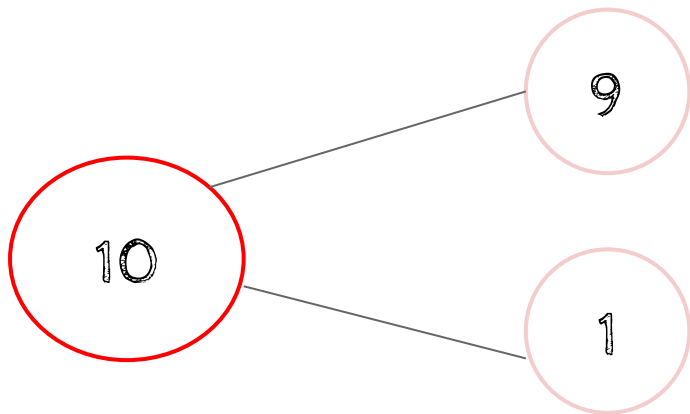
$$10 = 1 + 9$$

$$10 = 9 + 1$$

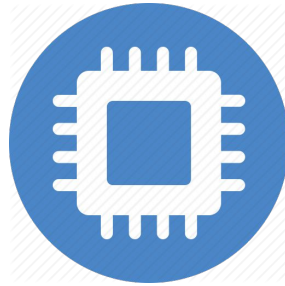
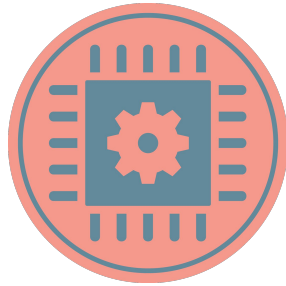
$$1 + 9 = 10$$



$$9 + 1 = 10$$

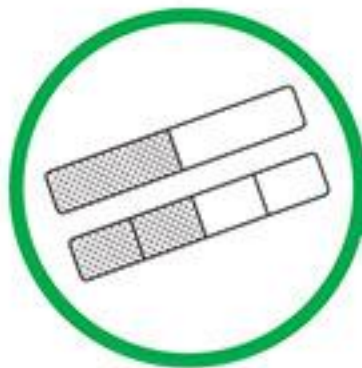


PETER IS  $\frac{1}{4}$  METRE AWAY FROM THE PINK CHIP AND  $\frac{3}{4}$  METRES AWAY FROM THE BLUE CHIP.  
WHICH CHIP IS CLOSER TO PETER?

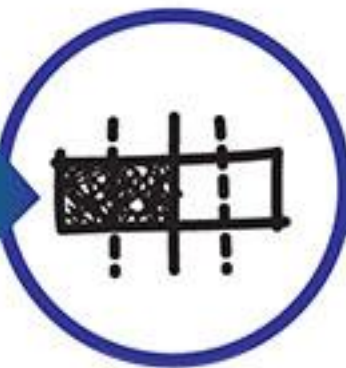


Draw a picture to work it out.

Concrete



Representational



Abstract

A red circle containing the mathematical equation  $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{4}$ .

Abstract



The  
'Mastery'  
Approach

# What is it?

- ★ Advocates the use of 'whole-class teaching' to engage **all** children in **all** aspects of the maths curriculum.
- ★ Promotes deeper understanding of a concept above over-acceleration of new concepts.
- ★ Each little step of learning is carefully planned to lead onto the next little step. This enables children to make connections easily, and therefore builds on learning more effectively.
- ★ Utilises the CPA approach.
- ★ Encourages problem solving and reasoning around learning of mathematical concepts alongside fluency of basic mathematical facts.

5 aspects...

## COHERENCE

- SMALL CLEAR STEPS
- FOCUSING FOR LONGER ON LEARNING

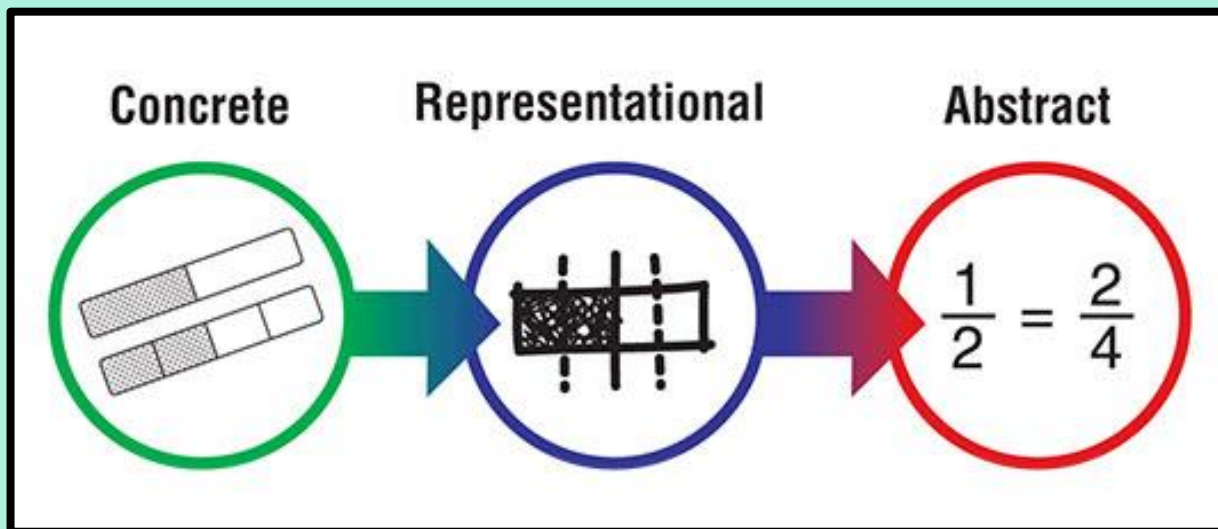
For Example:

Teaching the written algorithm for  $\begin{array}{r} 47 \\ -38 \\ \hline \end{array}$

What do I need to know already?

5 aspects...

## REPRESENTATION





5 aspects...

VARIATION

- SEEING THINGS IN DIFFERENT WAYS.
- SMALL VARYING STEPS

**Let's have a go!**  
**Draw a triangle...**

# 5 aspects...

# FLUENCY

Adding 1

Bonds to 10

Adding 10

Bridging/  
compensating

Adding 2

Adding 0

Doubles

Near doubles

Y2  
facts

+	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
0	0+0	0+1	0+2	0+3	0+4	0+5	0+6	0+7	0+8	0+9	0+10
1	1+0	1+1	1+2	1+3	1+4	1+5	1+6	1+7	1+8	1+9	1+10
2	2+0	2+1	2+2	2+3	2+4	2+5	2+6	2+7	2+8	2+9	2+10
3	3+0	3+1	3+2	3+3	3+4	3+5	3+6	3+7	3+8	3+9	3+10
4	4+0	4+1	4+2	4+3	4+4	4+5	4+6	4+7	4+8	4+9	4+10
5	5+0	5+1	5+2	5+3	5+4	5+5	5+6	5+7	5+8	5+9	5+10
6	6+0	6+1	6+2	6+3	6+4	6+5	6+6	6+7	6+8	6+9	6+10
7	7+0	7+1	7+2	7+3	7+4	7+5	7+6	7+7	7+8	7+9	7+10
8	8+0	8+1	8+2	8+3	8+4	8+5	8+6	8+7	8+8	8+9	8+10
9	9+0	9+1	9+2	9+3	9+4	9+5	9+6	9+7	9+8	9+9	9+10
10	10+0	10+1	10+2	10+3	10+4	10+5	10+6	10+7	10+8	10+9	10+10

5 aspects...

## MATHEMATICAL THINKING

- UNDERSTANDING AND EXPLAINING
- SEEING PATTERNS
- MAKING CONNECTIONS BETWEEN IDEAS.



- ★ The children have been split into their year groups across the three classes so they are accessing the aims/expectations of their years National Curriculum.
- ★ We have started the mastery approach in Year 1.
- ★ All children are accessing the learning because we are taking small coherent steps.
- ★ We concentrate on one key concept each lesson.
- ★ Our planning is flexible/adaptable and we create our own resources catered to the needs of the children and that lesson.
- ★ We spend much longer on aspects to consolidate the children's learning before we move on to the next aspect.
- ★ We aim to fill the 'gaps' in children's learning by building up their fluency to help them as they move up through school and eliminate misconceptions.
- ★ Challenge/depth through questioning, reasoning and explanations.